Bolton-le-Sands Church of England Primary School

LOWER KEY STAGE 2 CURRICULUM MATRIX

CYCLE 2022- 2023





	AUTUMN TERM	SPRING TERM	SUMMER TERM
THEME	Roman Britain	Volcanoes and Earthquake/Italy	A non-European society
ENQUIRY QUESTION	What did the Romans do for us? Who is in charge?	Would you live next to a Volcano?	How do other societies in history compare to British history? Why do we create art?
KEY LEARNING	Romans invaded and ruled Britain	How are volcanoes formed. Why we have earthquakes. Maya Civilis	
PHILOSOPHICAL CONCEPTS	Power Progress Influence	Myth Power Natural disaster	Society Class
KEY TEXTS	Roman Invasion by Jim Eldridge	The Firework Maker's Daughter by Philip Pullman	The Chocolate Tree and The Hero twins (Mayan myths)
AUTHENTIC OUTCOMES	Visit to Vindolanda to see museum Re-in act battle formations Understanding of technology developed by the Romans Create their own model digestive system	Greater understanding of the geology of our earth. Impact major global events on Humans.	Maya Civilisation – parent day



W	H .	LE
. GR		RAIN
EM		.6
10/	WWC	13

	Harvest – Jewish festival of Sukkot	Jesus the Son of God	Which rules do we follow?
	What can we learn from the way Jewish people	Deepen the children's understanding of Jesus, who he	Give pupils an opportunity to consider the value and
	celebrate their Harvest?	was, his teaching and behaviour.	purpose of rules.
	Know that Harvest is celebrated by people of all faiths	Use the events covered in the stories in this unit to	Examine Christian rules for living and the source of
	and none.	illustrate and emphasise that Jesus is the Son of God;	these rules.
	Know that Harvest is mentioned throughout the Old	that he was born both God and man.	Encourage pupils to reflect upon their own lifestyle
	Testament.	Know that Christians believe that Jesus is the Messiah,	and the influences upon it.
	Describe and explain the Jewish Festival of Sukkot	the Saviour who came to rescue all people and restore	Consider the rules followed by other faiths and the
	Called by God	their relationship with God.	ways in which the rules influence behaviour and
	Give children an opportunity to consider what it		decisions.
	means to be called by God and the responses people	Easter exploring the sadness and joy of Easter	Be able to make comparisons and identify the
RELIGIOUS	have made to that call.	Explore the Easter story from the angle of the feelings	similarities and difference between the rules for living
EDUCATION	Know the names and stories of at least 3 people in the	evoked by the different events throughout Holy	in Christianity and two other world faiths.
	past and present times who have been called by God	Week.	
	to do his work and speak his word.	Discover how the services held in churches during	What is Prayer?
	Describe the impact responding to God's call has on a	Holy week reflect the sadness and joy.	Ensure that the children know that prayer is a way of
	believer's life.	Develop further the pupils' understanding of the	communicating with God.
	Christmas, God with us.	concept of salvation.	Know that Christians believe that God listens and
	Give children the opportunity to reflect upon	Know that Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God	responds.
	Christmas as a celebration of God's presence with us	who died on the cross, rose again and is alive with us	Know that prayer is an important part of the life of a
	2000 years ago and now.	today.	believer and explain why.
	Know that Christians believe that Jesus is the Messiah,		
	the Saviour who came to rescue all people and restore		
	their relationship with God.		
	Me and My Relationships	Keeping myself safe	Being my best
	Describe and explain how different words can express	Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and	Appreciate their own uniqueness and recognise that
	the intensity of feelings and how feelings can affect	explain the difference between them and suggest	there are times when they will make the same choices
	our physical state	simple strategies for managing risk	as their friends and times when they will choose
	Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy	Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online,	differently
	relationship'	Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing	Give examples of choices they make for themselves
PSHE	Recognise that there are times when they might need	and understand and explain the implications of	and choices others make for them
	to say 'no' to a friend and describe appropriate	sharing images online without consent	Understand that the body gets energy from food,
	assertive strategies for saying 'no'	Define what is meant by the word 'dare' and suggest	water and oxygen and that exercise and sleep are
	Demonstrate successful strategies for working on a	strategies for managing dares	important to our health to be able to plan a menu
	collaborative task as a team	Understand that medicines are drugs, suggest	which gives a healthy balance of foods from across
	Identify a wide range of feelings and recognise that	alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell as well	the food groups on the Eatwell Guide
	different people can have different feelings in the	as strategies for limiting the spread of infectious	Understand the ways in which they can contribute to
	same situation	diseases	the care of the environment (using some or all of the



Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body language and recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have further information Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say; Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from

Valuing Difference

Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise

Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space, recognise how others' non-verbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space and suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards them

Recognise that they have different types of relationships with people they know and give examples of features of these different types of relationships

List some of the ways that people are different to each other, recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour and suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively List some of the ways in which people are different to each other and define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences

Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media

Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol

Describe stages of identifying and managing risk and suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively and give examples of consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way

Rights and Responsibilities

Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe and what their responsibilities are; suggest ways they can help the people who keep them healthy and safe Understand and identify human rights and responsibilities

Understand the reason we have rules, suggest and engage with ways that they can contribute to the decision-making process in school and recognise that everyone can make a difference within a democratic process

Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way they think about a topic and form and present their own opinions based on factual information and express or present these in a respectful and courteous manner

Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence bullying or other anti-social behaviour and consequently recognise that they can play a role in influencing outcomes of situations through their actions

Understand some of the ways that various national and international environmental organisations work to help take care of the environment and the value of this

Define the terms 'income' and 'expenditure'; List and prioritise some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT', understand how a

seven Rs) and suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios Suggest ways in which different people support the school community and identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community

What is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries; how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say

Growing and changing

Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives; explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily; suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change

Understand how the onset of puberty can have emotional as well as physical impact and suggest reasons why young people sometimes fall out with their parents

Identify parts of the body that males and females have in common and those that are different; know the correct terminology for their genitalia; understand and explain why puberty happens

Know the key facts of the menstrual cycle; Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls and identify some of the ways to cope better with periods

Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel; know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe Understand that marriage is a commitment to be entered into freely and not against someone's will; recognise that marriage includes same sex and



MMO2		payslip is laid out showing both pay and deductions and prioritise public services from most essential to least essential	opposite sex partners; discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, or live together, or have a civil ceremony
HISTORY	Romans in Britain Identifying where some periods studied fit into a chronological framework by noting connections, trends and contrasts over time. Understanding some significant aspects of history – nature of ancient civilisations. Understand some of the methods of historical enquiry, and how evidence is used to make detailed observations, finding answers to questions about the past. Look at different versions of the same event in history and identify differences. Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that persuades others. Place events from period studied on timeline Use terms related to the period and begin to date events. Britain's settlement by the Anglo Saxons and Scots (discrete) Describe how some of the things I have studied from the past affect/influence life today. Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in time past Ask questions and find answers about the past. Observe small details – artefacts, pictures		History of a non-European society compared to British history. Know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind Gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry' Know who the Maya people were and when and where in the world they lived. Explain the religious beliefs of the Maya people Understand what life was like for the different classes of Mayan people. Understand what they invented and know how this shaped their nation. Produce structured work that makes some connections, draws some contrasts, frame historically-valid questions involving thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information using appropriate dates and terms. Use some sources to start devising historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.



W	. H	LE
GRO		THE STATE OF
7		8
N	WWO	2

,,MM0.2	Boods Hadrianla wall	La cation al los codadas	La cational line and a dec
GEOGRAPHY	Roads – Hadrian's wall Communicate geographical information through a range of methods including the use of ICT (including digital maps, plans, graphs and presentations). Key Geography Knowledge and Skills Name and locate a wider range of places in their locality, the UK and wider world (including some globally significant features). Be able to identify the countries of the United Kingdom Be able to identify Italy, Spain, France and Germany on a map of Europe. Be able to identify on a map key modern city including Rome and London, as well as the Thames and the Tiber.	Locational knowledge Compare another European country (Italy). Human and physical geography Identify (and describe) similarities, differences and patterns when comparing (investigating different) places and features (environments and people). Geographical skills and fieldwork Use a range of sources including digital maps, atlases, globes and satellite images (and Ordnance Survey maps) to research and present geographical information.	Locational knowledge locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Human and physical geography describe and understand key aspects of: -physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle - human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water Geographical skills and fieldwork
SCIENCE	Humans and other animals, including teeth. Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey Living things and Habitats Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers and have an impact on living things.	Electricity Identify common appliances that run on electricity. Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers Identify whether a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery. Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors. Plants Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Humans and other animals, nutrition, skeleton, diet, movement. Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat. Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement



		Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants. Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.	
DESIGN TECHNOLOGY	Textiles Create a Roman purse/bag. Prepare pattern pieces as templates for their design Select from techniques for different parts of the process Use appropriate finishing techniques	Structure and mechanism Model of a Volcano containing electrical circuit to light a bulb.	Food technology understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.
ART	Texture Further plan and develop Experience surface patterns/textures Discuss own work and work of other sculptors Analyse and interpret natural and manmade forms of construction Creating coat of arms/ Creating shields	Form Further plan and develop Experience surface patterns/textures Discuss own work and work of other sculptors Analyse and interpret natural and manmade forms of construction	Printing Use relief and impressed printing Record textures/patterns Monoprint Colour mix through overlapping colour prints.
ENGLISH	Fiction: Myths – Folk tales and Roman myths Writing – children will write their own version Novel as a theme – Roman Invasion by Jim Eldridge Writing – Story based on a plot structure from the focus text or from the point of view of a character or a new character created. Non-Fiction: Recount Biography	Fiction: Fables – The Orchard Book of Aesop's Fables by Michael Morpurgo Writing – Fable based on model text with innovation of characters and events. Non-fiction: Explanation Texts – a range of texts looking at the Anglo-Saxons/volcanoes and tectonic plates/a feature of Italy	Fiction: Narrative – issues with dilemmas Writing – Narrative based on model text with innovation of character/s and events. Non-fiction: Persuasive writing Poetry: Classic poetry



	Writing – a recount of our trip and battle at Vindolanda Poetry: Poetry on a theme – Christmas Writing – Children will write a creative poem based on a theme.	Writing – A written explanation of a process/how something works or is made Discussion; For and Against Writing – Children will write a discussion which includes conjunctions, complex sentences and features of discussion Poetry: Poems - Kennings, cinquain Writing – Children will write a poem with a structure which includes appropriate language	Writing – Oral presentation of a poem learned by heart as a class or a small group and/or create their own descriptive poems.
MUSIC	Glockenspiel Glockenspiels teaching units 1 and 2 Charanga Year 3 and 4 Autumn 2 Reading notation, coordination skills playing glockenspiels. Improvising and memorising tunes. Singing and performing Romans 8 topical songs to teach children facts about lifestyle. Music Express song bank – Just like a Roman Christmas songs for school Christmas services	In the past Origins of pitch notation are explored as children make hand signals and compose 3 note melodies. They learn basic dance steps and lead to a performance. Singing and performing Listening and appraising songs. Learning different genres of songs English and Scottish folk songs A variety of songs to listen to, to learn and sing. Blue bells of Scotland Donkey riding and elephant song French national Anthem and Frere Jacques Chinese anthem	Animal crackers Listen and appraise different composers and eras of music. Perform bird songs Pupils perform a range of simple birdsongs, all based on a limited range of notes and repeated musical patterns. Children will create their own piece of Descriptive music to represent and describe an animal, which is then put together to form a "Class Carnival of the animals".
COMPUTING	E safety I know that anything I post online can be seen by others. I choose websites and games that are appropriate for my age. I can help my friends make good choices about the time they spend online. Information technology – handling data	IT computer technology in our lives I can tell you whether a resource I am using is on the internet, the school network or my own device. I can identify key words to use when searching safely on the World Wide Web. I think about the reliability of information I read on the World Wide Web. I can tell you how to check who owns photos, text and clipart.	E safety I can talk about why I need to ask a trusted adult before downloading files and games from the internet. I comment positively and respectfully online. Computer Science - Programming I can use logical thinking to solve an open-ended problem by breaking it up into smaller parts.



WTH .	1
Shoot Shoot	MAN
	ING
NOWWO	

	I can talk about the differer organised. I can search a ready-made of questions. I can collect data to help mode add to a database. I can make a branching data I can use a data logger to matalk about the information of	database to answer e answer a question. I can abase. onitor changes and can	I can create a hyperlink to a source on the World Wide Web.		I can use an efficient procedure to simplify a program. I can use a sensor to detect a change which can select an action within my program. I know that I need to keep testing my program/animation while I am putting it together. I can use a variety of tools to create a program/animation. I can recognise an error in a program and debug it. I can recognise that an algorithm will help me sequence more complex programs. I recognise that using algorithms will also help solve problems in other learning such as maths, science and design technology.	
	Year 3 Autumn 1 Place value, addition and subtraction Length and perimeter Statistics Addition and subtraction	Year 3 Autumn 2 Multiplication tables (3x and 4x) Multiplication Division Time 3D shape	Year 3 Spring 1 Place value, addition and subtraction Multiplication Fractions Division Volume, capacity and mass	Year 3 Spring 2 2-D shape Addition, subtraction and statistics Fractions Position and direction Time	Year 3 Summer 1 Addition and subtraction Multiplication and division 2-D shape Decimal and place value 3-D shape	Year 3 Summer 2 Place value Calculation Fractions Statistics Time
MATHEMATICS	Year 4 Autumn 1 Place value, addition, and subtraction Length and perimeter Statistics Addition and subtraction	Year 4 Autumn 2 Multiplication Division Time 3-D shape	Year 4 Spring 1 Place value Multiplication Division Addition and subtraction Fractions	Year 4 Spring 2 Addition and subtraction and money 2-D shape and sorting Position and direction Area Statistics Measures	Year 4 Summer 1 Place value Addition and subtraction Multiplication and division	Year 4 Summer 2 Fractions 2-D and 3-D shape Statistics Place value
FRENCH	Welcome to school Super learners Ask and answer several questions about myself Recall numbers to 10 and classroom instructions Say and read some numbers between 0 and 20 Remember days of the week and months of the year Say and write names of rooms in a school		Know some important facts about Epiphany in France Say 4 family member nouns in French Write personal information about ar a family member in French Recall parts of the body Explain why I don't feel well or what hurts Understand and remem			some jungle animal nouns



1,WM02	Say and write the nouns	Understand simple sentences, numbers	Write a simple sentence to describe a jungle animal
	for some classroom objects	and face parts	Understand and write simple phrases and sentences
	Tot some classicom objects	Write simple sentences to describe an alien	to describe a dragon or a unicorn
	My local area, your local area	write simple sentences to describe an allen	to describe a dragon or a unicorn
	Write my own Firework poem	Celebrating carnival / body parts	Summertime
	Read and understand	Understand and say aloud animal nouns	Say the types of
	useful commands and instructions	Understand and respond to and say body parts nouns	weather
		and commands	
	Say, understand and		Play games with the
	write some useful instructions	Understand and say nouns for different face parts	weather phrases
	Say and recognise	Describe an alien using nouns, numbers and colours I	Say flavours of
	places in a town	have learnt	ice cream
	Ask 'Where is?' with shop names in French		Pronounce flavours and
			spot sounds in flavours
	Dance – Romans	Swimming	Striking & Fielding
	Create and perform sequences of actions (6) with	Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a	Bowl underarm.
	control and precision.	distance of at least 25 metres	Strike a ball off a tee.
	Use simple motifs and movement patterns to	Use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front	Catch a ball.
	structure dance phrases on their own and with a	crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]	Field a ball and return it quickly.
	partner.		
	Swimming		Athletics- Running, Throwing and Jumping
	Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a	Gymnastics	Master FMS skills and start to develop athletic specific
	distance of at least 25 metres	Create and perform sequences of actions (4-6)	skills performing them with consistency and accuracy.
	Use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front	smoothly.	Throwing – push, pull and sling
	crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]	Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk	Hop, step and jump
		forwards, backwards.	
PHYSICAL	Basketball	Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny,	
EDUCATION	Develop sport specific skills	crab, bear, crocodile, monkey	
	Chest pass, bounce pass, swing pass, one handed	Balancing – small body parts – one-foot balance,	
	pass, catching a ball.	arabesque, square bridge, bridge, hands, and feet.	
	To know to move into a space to receive a ball. To	Jumps – Straight, straddle, pike, tuck	
	pass to a ball to a player in space when playing an	Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy	
	invasion game.	roll, forward roll	
		Apparatus	
		Net & Wall	
		Ready Position. Underarm throw.	
		Overarm throw.	
		Hold a racket.	
		Strike a ball with a racket.	



